

JAIL FOR LIQUOR SELLERS.

MULLINS AND ELDER GET THIRTY DAYS IN GENERAL SESSIONS.

James Mullins and John Elder, who were arrested last night for selling liquor in the city, were committed to the House of Correction for thirty days in the general sessions of the court today. The court found that the defendants had been selling liquor in the city for some time, and that they had been caught in the act. The court also found that the defendants had been selling liquor in the city for some time, and that they had been caught in the act.

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WARING FIRES CORSA OUT.

INDICTABLE, AID. OLCOTT SAYS, UNDER THE VETERAN LAW OF 194.

Charles Waring, a man who was arrested last night for selling liquor in the city, was committed to the House of Correction for thirty days in the general sessions of the court today. The court found that the defendant had been selling liquor in the city for some time, and that he had been caught in the act.

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MANITOBA CATHOLICS LOOK TO US.

Some of Them Think We Should Intervene to End Their Separate Schools.

Quebec, Aug. 16.—A novel expedient is proposed to the Roman Catholic minority of Manitoba as the means of obtaining what they regard as their rights in the matter of their schools. It is nothing less than an appeal to the American instead of the French Government, whose intervention was suggested by a few friends and supporters of the Manitoba Catholics.

The originator of this plan is Mr. Vain, formerly member of the United States Congress for Louisiana. He interprets the Treaty of 1803 as the Magna Carta of the French Canadian people, and argues that by the treaty the French Canadian believe it their duty to appeal to a foreign government to have this treaty respected. It is to the Government at Washington rather than to that at Paris that they should address themselves. The French Canadians claim that the descendants of the French Canadians should not be left to the mercy of the English Government, and that the conditions of the treaty of 1803.

There is a movement among French Canadians, who believe that the rights guaranteed by the treaty of 1803 are in peril, to call public meetings and adopt a series of resolutions to be sent to the American Government, with the request that it forward them to England, and that it should be deemed necessary representations, to the Foreign Office of the British Government.

A CATHOLIC LITERTY. Protected for the Benefit of the Manitoba Catholic Schools. OTTAWA, Aug. 16.—The Rev. Father Guillet of Manitoba has come to town to promote a project to establish a lottery in the province of Quebec for the support of Roman Catholic schools. The project is to establish a lottery in the province of Quebec for the support of Roman Catholic schools. The project is to establish a lottery in the province of Quebec for the support of Roman Catholic schools.

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RANSOM LOSES HIS PLACE.

HE IS NO LONGER MINISTER TO THE REPUBLIC OF MEXICO.

The Acting Attorney-General decides that under the Constitution his appointment was illegal, as the salary was increased while he was a member of the Senate. Cleveland may keep him in his place.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The Hon. Matt W. Ransom, of North Carolina, is no longer Minister to the Republic of Mexico. His office was practically declared vacant today by a decision rendered by Mr. Holmes Conrad, Solicitor-General of the United States and Acting Attorney-General.

Mr. Ransom's ineligibility was declared by the Acting Attorney-General, and the Acting Attorney-General sustained the action of Mr. Thomas Holmes, Auditor of the Treasury for the State Department, in declining to issue a passport for Mr. Ransom's journey to Mexico.

The decision of the Acting Attorney-General was based on a question raised by Auditor Holmes as to the legality of Mr. Ransom's appointment to the Mexican mission, in view of the existence of section 2, Article VI, of the Constitution, which declares that "no Senator or Representative shall be appointed to any civil office under the authority of the United States which shall have been created or the emoluments whereof shall have been increased during such term."

Mr. Ransom was elected to the Senate in 1878, and was appointed to the Mexican mission in 1881, when his salary was \$12,000 a year. It is due to Mr. Ransom's occupancy of a seat in the Senate that he is today without an office, and that he is technically a debtor to the Government for the amount of salary he has drawn since assuming his diplomatic post.

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DROWNED IN A BATHING TANK.

Four-year-old Sarah Rubin Loses Her Life While a Few Feet from Her Mother.

Sarah Rubin, the four-year-old daughter of Moses Rubin of 271 West 12th street, was drowned yesterday in Paul's five-cent bath at 20 Ridge street. Shortly before 6 o'clock in the afternoon Mrs. Rubin, accompanied by her two daughters, Sarah and Mary, entered the Ridge street place. After bathing and dressing Sarah, Mrs. Rubin took her to the street, where it was cold and rainy, and she was seen no more.

Shortly afterward Mrs. Rubin heard a splash, as if some one had fallen into the large tank outside in the main room, but, thinking it was only another bath, she paid no more attention to it. When she had finished dressing Mary she started to look for the younger girl, but was unable to find her. Then she recalled the splash she had heard, and on returning found the girl floating in the tank.

A doctor was immediately summoned, but the girl was dead. The bathman says that the tank room was not lighted up and it is supposed that the child stepped on the wet floor and fell into the water. There were many women and children in the place bathing at the time and their cries and the splashing they made probably prevented the child's cries from being heard.

ROW OF BUILDINGS ELECTRIFIED. Electric Light Wire Grounded on the Roof—Occupants Shocked. An electric light wire grounded upon the roof of the building at 100 Springfield avenue, New York, last night, and so thoroughly charged the four buildings in the row that it was dangerous to touch a gas fixture or a water faucet in any of them. A number of the occupants were badly shocked.

The worst shock was received by Max Mueller, who was sitting in one of the buildings. He smelled smoke coming from the cellar, and on going down stairs he found the wood work blazing. Seizing a copper measure, he filled it with water and dashed it on the flames.

In doing this he received a shock which staggered him. He telephoned to an engine house, and when the firemen arrived, they refused to do anything until they had called up the electric light people and had the current cut off.

A little girl was knocked down when she laid her hand upon one of the iron columns of the building. Her hand was burned, but she was not otherwise injured.

HOUSE RAN DOWN HILL. It Went Off the Skids, While Being Moved to Remove an Old Three-story Frame Building from Mechanic street to Lincoln avenue, South Orange. The house belonged to Thomas S. Kingman, and Harrison Corby was the contractor for the job. The house was jacked up and started along South street upon skids.

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REPUBLICAN CONVENTIONS.

OFFICIALS BARRICADED FROM VOTING IN ALL BUT ONE.

They May Help Choose New York City Delegates to National Primaries. 10—Dates of Nominating Conventions. The Republican County Committee met last night at its headquarters in West Third street and held the primaries and conventions of the Republican organization in this city. The primaries will be held on the night of Tuesday, Sept. 10, between the hours of 7 and 9.

The Assembly District Conventions to select delegates to the State Convention and those campaign committees in the several districts will be held on Thursday evening, Sept. 12. Those for the election of delegates to the County Convention will be held on the night of Sept. 26, and the Assembly Nominating Conventions on the night of Oct. 16. The County Convention will be held in Lyric Hall, in Sixth avenue, near Forty-first street, on the night of Thursday, Oct. 3, and the Senate District Conventions on the night of Oct. 8. A candidate for Congress in the Tenth district will be chosen at 253 Eighth avenue on Oct. 12.

James W. Allen, who has tried very hard to become one of the nominated candidates, stated that he had been specifically in the call that officials are ineligible for election as delegates to any convention.

Chairman Edward Lauterbach said this was a good suggestion. The constitution of the organization prevents placeholders from sitting as delegates in conventions held in this city. It would be well to insert the provision in the call, and this was done. Chairman Lauterbach suggested that the County Convention should be held on the night of Sept. 26, to say as to the qualifications of delegates to the State Convention, and that they might be held on the night of Oct. 12.

John Smith challenged this statement as an insult. He said that if he made a ruling to that effect, Mr. Lauterbach would be in a predicament, as he considered it none of his business. He said that if he made a ruling to that effect, Mr. Lauterbach would be in a predicament, as he considered it none of his business.

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THE QUAY-GILKESON FIGHT.

Quay Says Gilkeson Can't Be Judge and Jury on His Own Case, and He Will Appeal.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Aug. 16.—Senator Quay was asked today by a reporter what he would do if Chairman Gilkeson were to resign. He replied that he would leave the making up of the roll to the State Committee. The Senator replied: "It is an elementary rule of law and justice that no man shall decide his own case. A judge who would undertake to do so in the face of his country's great wrongs would be impeached and removed from his office."

Mr. Gilkeson says that he will follow the well-settled practice of placing upon the rolls only the names of delegates duly certified by the regular organizations in the various counties. In doing this he must determine judicially whether or not the delegates are entitled to sit. He said that he would follow the well-settled practice of placing upon the rolls only the names of delegates duly certified by the regular organizations in the various counties.

It is monstrous that Mr. Gilkeson should insist on sitting as judge and jury in his own case. The mere mention of such a thing suggests its gross unfairness. It is monstrous that Mr. Gilkeson should insist on sitting as judge and jury in his own case. The mere mention of such a thing suggests its gross unfairness.

Senator Quay was also asked whether it was proper for him to sit on the case of the Republican State Committee. He replied that he would sit on the case of the Republican State Committee. He replied that he would sit on the case of the Republican State Committee.

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THE WEATHER PREDICTION.

For New York and its Vicinity: Generally fair; westerly winds.

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